

# **HUF 2016 KEK SITE REPORT**

Report on HPSS/GHI Site Migration to New KEKCC

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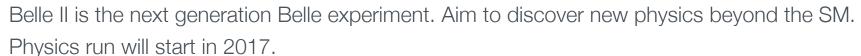
**HUF 2016 NYC** 

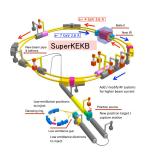


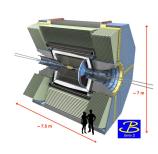
## **KEK ON-GOING PROJECTS**

#### **BELLE, BELLE II EXPERIMENTS**

Belle experiment, precise measurements for CP violation.





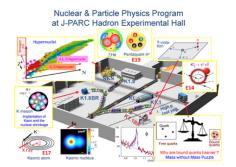


#### **T2K**

Neutrino experiment for measuring neutrino mass and flavour mixing. Shoot neutrino from Tokai to the detector at Kamioka mine (300km away)

#### **HADRON EXPERIMENTS AT J-PARC**

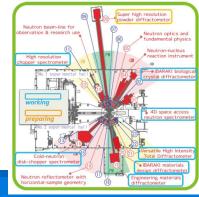
Various experiments for kaon and hadron physics



# 2.95 km TOKAI FAMIOKAI FAMIOKAI FAMIOKAI

#### MATERIAL AND LIFE SCIENCE AT J-PARC

Neutron diffraction, neutron spectroscopy, nano-structure analysis, neutron instruments, muon spectroscopy



## **KEKCC SYSTEM REPLACEMENT**

System is totally replaced every 4-5 years, according to Japanese government procurement rule for computer system.

- Not in-house scale-out model, but rental system
- Purchase including system operation
- Completely different purchase/operation model from US/EU sites
- Last system replacement in Feb/2012

System implementation (Jan – Aug / 2016)

- Facility updates (power supply, cooling)
- Hardware installation
- System design / implementation / testing

The new system will be released at Sep/01/2016.



# **CURRENT VS NEXT**

	Current	New	Upgrade Factor
CPU Server	IBM iDataPlex	Lenovo NextScale	
CPU	Xeon 5670 (2.93 GHz ,6core)	Xeon E5-2697v3 (2.6GHz, 14cores)	
CPU cores	4,080	10,024	x2.5
IB	QLogic 4xQDR	Mellanox 4xFDR	
Disk Storage	DDN SFA10K 4 PB	IBM Elastic Storage System (ESS) 10PB	
<b>HSM Disk Storage</b>	DDN SFA10K 3PB	DDN SFA12K 3PB	
Disk Capacity	7 PB (3PB for HSM)	13 PB (3PB for HSM)	x1.8
Tape Library	TS3500 (12 racks)	TS3500 (13 racks)	
Tape Drive	IBM TS1140 x 60	IBM TS1150 x54	
Tape max capacity	16 PB	70 PB	x4.3

## **HSM SYSTEM**





HPSS/GHI servers



**TS3500** 







**DDN SFA 12K** 

GPFS (GHI): 3PB

Total throughput : > 50 GB/s



## **TAPE SYSTEM**

#### **TAPE LIBRARY**

- IBM TS3500 (13 racks)
- Max. capacity : 70 PB

#### **TAPE DRIVE**

- ☐ TS1150 : 54 drives
- ☐ TS1140 : 12 drives (for media conversion)
- We do not use LTO.



**IBM TS3500** 

#### **TAPE MEDIA**

- □ JD: 10TB, 360 MB/s
- ☐ JC: 7TB, 300 MB/s (reformatted)
  - Reformatting will be done in background for 6-12 months (expected).
- □ JC: 4TB, 250 MB/s
- ☐ Users (experiment groups) pay tape media they use.



## GHI, GPFS + HPSS : THE BEST OF BOTH WORLDS



## **HPSS**

- We have used HPSS as HSM system for last 15+ years.
- 1<sup>st</sup> layer : GGPS DDN 3PB + 2<sup>nd</sup> layer : IBM Tape

## **GHI, GPFS + HPSS**

- ☐ GPFS parallel file system staging area
- Perfect coherence with GPFS access (POSIX I/O)
- KEKCC is the pioneer of GHI customers (since 2012).
- Data access with high I/O performance and good usability.
  - Same access speed as GPFS, once data staged
  - No HPSS client API, no changes in user codes
  - small file aggregation helps tape performance for small data



## **NEW SYSTEM CONFIGURATION PARAMS.**

Software	Current	New
HPSS	7.3.3.9	7.4.3.2
GHI	2.3.1.2	2.5.0.1
GPFS	3.5.0.18	4.2.0.1
OS (HPSS nodes)	RHEL 5.9	RHEL 6.7
OS (GHI nodes)	RHEL 5.6	RHEL7.1

HPSS core server is not a single point of failure for us.

Component	Qty.	
HPSS	4	
Core Server	ı	
HPSS	1	
Disk Mover	4	
HPSS	0	
Tape Mover	3	
Mover Storage	600 TB	
Max. #Files	<b>2 Billion</b> (x10)	
GHI IOM	6	
GHI Session Server	3	

## **SYSTEM MIGRATION WORKS**

#### **HSM** service on the current system

- □ 3-days downtime for system migration (backup of the current / restore in the new)
- ☐ Keep GPFS disk mount (read-only) for 2 weeks before the new system
  - ☐ Only staged data on disk is accessible.

#### **System migration**

- □ 8.5 PB data, 170 M files, 5,000 tapes
- ☐ 3-days work on Aug / 15 17
  - ☐ Move physical tapes from the current to new tape library
  - □ DB2 migration using QRep
  - ☐ GHI backup and restore

#### Take checksum for tape data

- ☐ 6 months work for higher priority data
- □ Taken directly from tapes (tape-ordered, htared file for small files, as hpss file)

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- □ 200 MB/s in average, 4,000 vols.
- ☐ Store checksum and timestamp into GPFS UDA

## **SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS (1)**

#### **Separate GPFS clusters**

- ☐ GPFS disk system (10PB) and GHI GPFS system (3PB)
- ☐ ITO stability and system management (maintenance, updates,..)

#### Introduce GPFS local cache as layer-0 disk

- ☐ for SSD of batch servers
  - □ <4GB files cached in local SSD
- □ reducing concurrent access to GPFS files from many clients

#### **COS** supports mixed media types

- ☐ Can mix different types of tape media as **RW COS**
- □ JB/JC/JD

#### Do not purge small files (<8MB)

□ number of small files is too big, but no impact on disk space

## **SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS (2)**

#### Improve migration way

- □ current : listing all migration files, then migrate one time:
  - ☐ Single migration requests for >100 k files overflows the hpss queues, migration stalled.
- □ new : migration by 10k files in ghi\_backup

#### Bulk staging & Coherent mechanism with batch job scheduler

- ☐ Tons of staging requests results in much waiting time.
- □ Tape-ordered bulk staging is efficient. Automated way from a recall list.
- □ Data staging before dispatching jobs. Coherent efforts with LSF

#### **GHI** issues

- □ CR-35: Conversion from HPSS file name to GHI file name (GHI 2.5)
  - □ Search orphan files in GHI (created by the old bug in htar)
- ☐ An alternative CR-12: Repack HTAR files (GHI 2.5)

## **HPSS / GHI PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENTS**

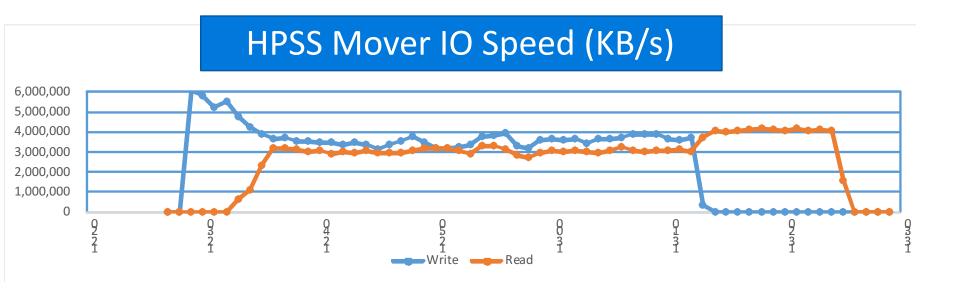
#### **REQUIREMENTS:**

- □ Max. expected data writing (sustained) / migration : 200 TB / day
- □ Max. expected staging : 50 TB / day
- □ Requirements from experiments

#### **MEASUREMENTS:**

- ☐ Mover IO: 3 GB/s (read / write)
- ☐ Migration (via ghi\_backup):
  - $\Box$  3.4 GB/s (4GB, 24p), > 200 TB / day
- □ Staging:
  - $\square > 100 \text{ TB} / \text{day} (1 \text{GB, tape-order, } > 1.2 \text{GB/s, 8p})$
  - □ 20 TB / day (2GB, non-tape-order, 0.25 GB/s, 8p)
- □ Staging & Migration:
  - □ 0.2 GB/s staging & 2.4 GB/s migration (2GB, non-tape-order, 24p)

## **HPSS MOVER 10 PERFORMANCE**



#### **MOVER IO PERFORMANCE:**

- □ Data: migration (ghi\_backup) for 2 GB files
- □ Write : GHI migration / Read : HPSS migration
- □ aggregate for nmmon outputs of 4 movers
- □ 3 GB/s for concurrent read / write accesses

## **FUTURE: DATA EXPLOSION**

#### **THIS YEAR**

□ 8.5 PB, 170 M files+2.5PB / year

#### **DATA GROWTH EXPECTATION**

- □ J-PARC will constantly produce data. A few – 10 PB /year
- □ Data explosion is expected for Belle II.
- □ Data growth rate beyond 2020 is very high.

Data Explosion



## CHALLENGES TO THE FUTURE

#### **Concerns on migration**

- □ Our System will be replaced every 4-5 years.
- Expected amount of data migration
  - ■8PB (2016), Nx10PB (2020), Nx100PB (2024)
- Migration issues will be critical.

#### Challenges on scalability of the system

- ■How to scale out the system to Exascale
- ■Coherent data management
  - □ Data taking, archive, processing, preservation...
- ■Monitoring & Visualize system healthy:
  - ■We are monitoring some resources usage (I/O, tape drive usage,...)
  - ■Experience difficulty of identify problems
  - ■Elasticseach and Kibana can help?

## **SUMMARY**

- Next KEKCC system will start in September 2016.
  - Increase computing resources :

CPU: 10K cores (x2.5), Disk: 13PB (x1.8), Tape: 70PB (x4.3)

- ☐ HPSS/GHI system migration was well done.
  - Minum service down-time
  - Performance as designed values
  - Improments on system operation
  - Thanks for our collaobrative work with IBM team
- Scalable data management is a challenge for next 10 years.
  - Data explosion is expected as Belle II experiment will start in 2017.
  - Data processing cycle (data taking, archive, processing, preservation...)